Jason Hancock

Quantum and applied materials research and Educational reform at UConn







UCONN

UConn Quantum Club Presentation

September 19, 2023

Hancock group

Former PhD students:



Dr. Sahan Handunkanda PhD 2018, now Intel Corp Portland, OR



Dr. Erin Curry, PhD 2021 now Coherent Laser Bloomfield, CT



Dr. Donal Sheets PhD Aug 2022 now Postdoc, UConn

Current PhD students:



Kaitlin Lyszak PhD 2024 (expected)

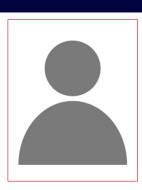
Also... Jessica Wessner '23

Filip Bergabo '18 Louis Antoine '20

Daniel Rinaldi '14



Lauren Gorman PhD 2028 (expected)



You?

Undergraduate students:



Connor Occhialini '18 now PhD student, MIT now Electric Boat



Julian Ivaldi '21



Matthew Mooneyham '22

Group leader:

Jason Hancock

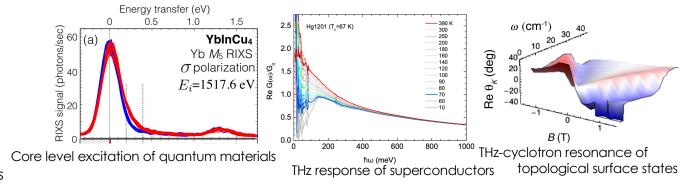


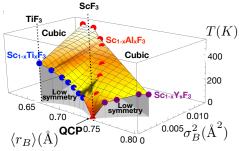
Funding sources:

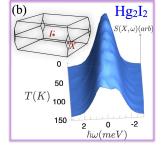


Expertise and Core Strengths, basic research

- Spectroscopy of quantum materials
 - Broadband infrared, THz, RIXS spectroscopy
 - Inelastic X-ray scattering
 - Core level spectroscopy
 - Laser-based pump-probe for acoustics
- Scientific areas
 - Structural quantum phase transitions
 - Superconductors
 - Topological materials
 - Correlated/magnetic materials
 - O Negative thermal expansion





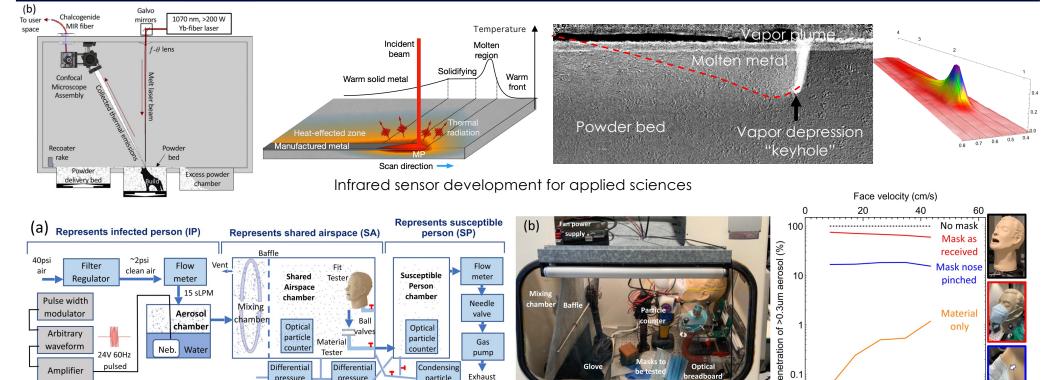




Negative thermal expansion near structural quantum phase transitions

Soft mode spectroscopy of incipient phases

Expertise and Core Strengths, applied research



COVID-era filtration material evaluation

15 20 25

Flow rate (L/min)

particle

counter

pressure meter

meter

Facility-based materials research

- O Frequent user and advisor to DOE supported facilities
- Expertise in X-ray experiments in many modes
 - O Resonant inelastic X-ray scattering from electrons
 - O Non-resonant inelastic X-ray scattering from phonons
 - Diffraction for structural studies
 - X-ray transmission imaging

JNH Synchrotron-related Science Service record

- Proposal Review Panelist and Chair, Inelastic X-ray Scattering panel, APS, ANL 2015-2019
- Proposal Review Panelist and Chair, Soft x-rays, photoemission, and infrared panel, NSLS-II, BNL 2018-2022
- Lecturer, US DOE National School and Neutron and X-ray Scattering, 2018-present
- Beamline advisory team, Soft inelastic X-ray scattering beamline (SIX), NSLS-II, BNL 2015-present
- Beamline science advisory committee, Inelastic Scattering Group, APS, ANL 2009-present
- Scientific Review Committee, Inelastic X-ray Scattering Beamlines, APS, ANL, 2016
- Program committee Inelastic X-ray Scattering 2019, June 23–28, 2019, Stony Brook, NY
- Organizing committee International Conference on Low-Energy Electrodynamics in Solids, Miami, FL, 2020



NextGenCT

Passed in 2012 by CT assembly

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Q A-Z

Q

Budget, Planning and Institutional Research

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Next Generation Connecticut (NextGenCT)

Major UConn Projects Completed



 \$1.7B to upgrade UConn infrastructure

 Goal: Develop STEM education and research to in CT through UConn



UConn Hartford Campus

\$139M

3 bldgs. 215,000 square feet Completed August 2017



Werth Residence Hall

\$95.8M

212,000 square feet, 730 beds Completed August 2016



Engineering and Science Building \$92.5M

115,000 square feet Completed October 2017

Putnam Refectory



Student Recreation Center \$97.1M

191,000 square feet Completed August 2019



Gant Building Renovation Phase I-II ~\$170M

200,000 square feet Completed August 2019, May 2021

Fine Arts Production Facility

\$35.5M

30,000 square feet Completed April 2020

Monteith Building Renovation \$23.7M

73,000 square feet Completed August 2016 \$18.7M 42,000 square feet Completed August 2016

Renovation

Supplemental Utility Plant

~\$67M

40,000 square feet Completed November 2022

STEM Research Center Science 1 ~\$220.1M

200,000 square feet Est Completion FY23

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Prof. Hamilton's traditional 1010 class in P36



Prof. Hancock's active learning 1601 class in P103B



Introductory Physics Sequences

Sequence	Majors	Math level			
Phys 1601/2 Phys 1501/2 Phys 1401/2	Physics Engineering Life sciences	CALCULUS			
Phys 1201/2 Phys 1010	General physics Non-science	Algebra-based Conceptual			

Massive effort to convert all calculus-based physics classes to active learning model 2017-2021

High impact ~2000 students/yr

Promotes inquiry-based learning Integration of theory and experiment

Some components of active learning in calculus-based physics

- O Delivery students seated, instructor/TAs at centralized control center, others observing, kept to a minimum
- O **Demo** students seated, instructor/TAs at centralized control center, others observing or helping, often uses ceiling/side doc cam
- O **Discussion/individual work** students seated working on problem sets, instructors/TAs walk the room peering over shoulders, answering questions, offering help as needed, individual and wall-mount whiteboards used
- Discussion/group work students standing or seated working on problems together, instructor/TAs walk the room to discuss
 problem approaches, offering help as needed, individual and wall-mount whiteboards used
- O Activities small equipment sits on tables, accessible to each student or groups of three students, instructors/TAs ask questions and are around to help, individual and wall-mount whiteboards used
- Quantitative Lab larger, more quantitative equipment sits on corner of each table with students around, instructors/TAs assist
 development of theory, collection of data, advanced analysis, coding, and presentation preparation, individual and wallmount whiteboards used







Overview of studio physics project

	Physics majors ~36 seats/AY		Engineering majors ~1512 seats/AY		Life-science majors ~648 seats/AY			
	Semester	1601	1602	1501	1502	1401	1402	Studio space
	F16	-	Sinkovic	Wu, Wu, Valente	Wells, Valente	Dulli	Dulli	None
1 st course conversion begins	S17	Valente	-	Fernando, Sinkovic, Valente	Wells, Valente	Dulli	Dulli	None
	F17	-	Valente	Ordaz, Sinkovic	McCarron, Ordaz	Wu	Wu	Babbidge+Gant
8 semesters	S18	Hancock	-	Joo, Ordaz, Ordaz	Valente, Wu, Joo	Wu	Wu	Physics P103B
	F18	-	Valente	Phelps, Khosravi, Sinkovic	McCarron, Ordaz, Ordaz	Wu	Wu	
	S19	Hancock	-	Bastami, Ordaz, Ordaz	Valente, Sainju, Joo	Wu	Wu	
	F19	-	Valente	8S Hancock CC XW,NG,ST,MP,EC	Sainju, Ordaz, Ordaz	Wu	Sainju	Gant Plaza GP1xx
	S20	Sinkovic	-	7S Ghimire CC ST,XW	8S Valente CC	Wu	Sainju	1
6 th course conversion completes	F20	-	15	8S	5\$	4S Wu CC	Sainju	
	S21	15	-	75	85	2S	4S Sainju CC	
	F21	-	15	8S	58	45	2S	

S=studio section, 54 seats

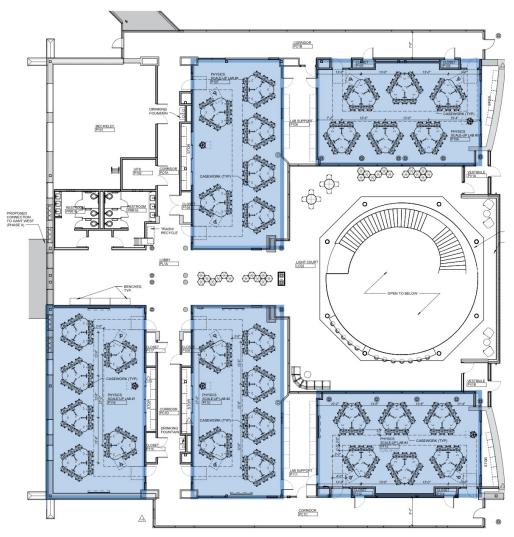
T=Traditional lab section, 18 seats

Project impacts >2000 seats/yr

Physics Learning Labs Gant plaza

- 5 physics active learning spaces, 54 students each in Gant plaza
- Phys 1601Q, 1602Q, 1501Q converted to studio style, 1502Q, 1401Q, 1402Q convert in coming semesters
- Many awards to faculty, graduate students
- Organized course shown to be effective
- Teaching assistants widely gain experience teaching side-by-side with experienced instructors





first floor - Plaza Building

Week 5: Work and Energy

Sp19 = 2/18-2/22 Fa19 = 9/23-27

Activity Demo Tutorial

Su 12mid Adaptive Release wk5

Su 10pm RA Wk5 - Work and Energy

W 10pm Prelab 4 – Bouncing and work

Th 10pm HW Wk5 - Forces and free body diagrams

Tutorial Assessment

ppt section

Learning objectives

NO LAB REVIEW DUE

T 3pm TA train 5.3 Bouncing, 6.1, 6.2

T MT1 1st draft due to loRs

F 12n Dev mtg wk7

Staff mtg/deadline

- ✓ Apply the work-energy theorem to objects moving in one and two dimensions
- ✓ Isolate the components of force that do work
- Describe the difference between conservative and nonconservative forces
- ✓ Apply the relationship of Hooke's law to determine the work done by a spring
- ✓ Identify conditions under which mechanical energy is conserved
- ✓ Apply conservation of mechanical energy for a conservative system at two different times
- ✓ Determine the potential energy from a force function or a graph of potential energy vs. position
- Quantify work done by three forces (g,magnetic,elastic) in test to see which are conservative
- Observe transfer of kinetic and potential energy under gravity
- Empirically assess a law of restitution for elastic and magnetic bouncing

5.1 Work-energy theorem – GK, EC,

Front matter
Dot products
Work-energy theorem
Work and kinetic energy

Graphic work-energy: space Graphic work-energy: looptyloop

Conservative versus nonconservative

P-5.1.1: Dot products

P-5.1.2 Elevator P-5.1.3: Cool runnings

P-5.1.4: Ramp into friction

Tutorial Quiz

HRW7

5.2 Potential and mechanical energy – NG, XW, JH

Front Matter
Work-energy review
Mechanical and potential energy
Loopty-loop activity

Unleashing your potential energy

Potential energy properties

Nonconservative forces and energy

P-5.2.1: Ski jump

P-5.2.2: Falling onto a spring

P 5.2.3: Spring on an incline

P-5.2.4: A problem with a lot of potential

Tutorial Quiz

HRW8

5.3 Quantitative Laboratory #4: Bouncing and work

- Smart cart bouncing on track against magnetic and elastic bumpers
- Measure coefficient of restitution and compare
- Observe conservation of energy when in freefall
- Observe energy missing from KE+grav pot and identify as either elastic or magnetic energy
- Lab Analysis Report

Gear

- · Pasco smart cart
- Pasco track, leveling feet, vertical post, track rod adapter, spring+magnet bumper accessory

Educational Value Survey, sections 001-004

Please circle a number 1 to 7 to indicate the value of each course component:

Weekly reading assignments 3.6 ± 1.7

Section 001-004, Avg=4.1±1.5, Question 4

Hands-on activities 5.3 ± 1.5

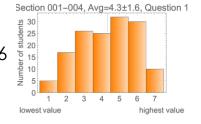
Quantitative labs 5.4 ± 1.1

Pre-lab activities 4.1 ± 1.4

highest value

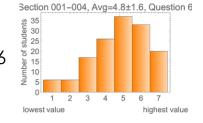
Physical demonstrations 5.4 ± 1.4

Group work at whiteboards 4.3 ± 1.6

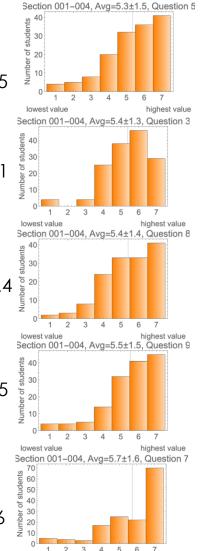


Lectures by instructor 5.5 ± 1.5

Computer simulations 4.8 ± 1.6



Tutorial problems 5.7 ± 1.6



highest value

lowest value

Teaching Assistant Survey, sections 001-008, 12 responses

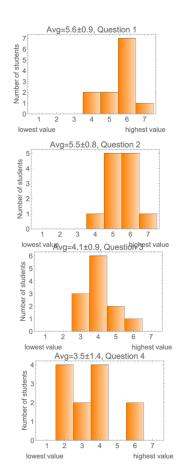
For each statement below, circle a number that best describes your agreement on a scale that ranges from 1 (**not at all the case**, i.e., completely **DISAGREE**) to 7 (**completely the case**, i.e., completely **AGREE**). IL = Interactive Lecture, ED: Engaged Discussion, QL = Quantitative Laboratory

ED: Tutorial problems are presented in a very clear way 5.6 ± 0.9

ED: Tutorial problem solutions are presented in a very clear way. 5.5 ± 0.8

ED: Tutorial problems are very hard to students.

ED: Students engage with working on tutorial problems actively. 3.5 ± 1.4

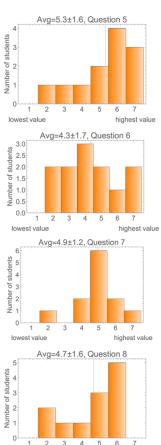


IL: The instructions/questionnaires for hands-on activities and interactive simulations are presented in a very clear way to students. 5.3 ± 1.6

IL: Student engage with group discussion and hands-on activities actively. 4.3 ± 1.7

QL: Students are completely satisfied with group assignments. 4.9 ± 1.2

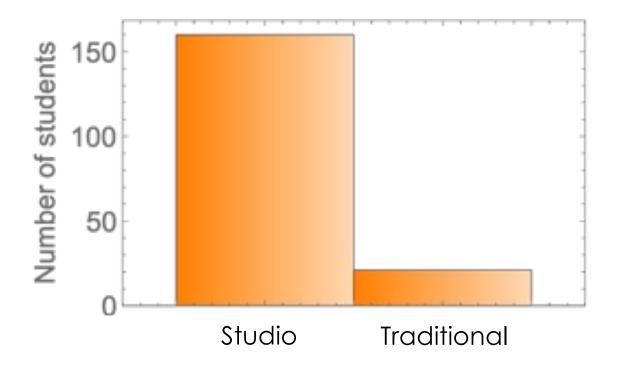
QL: The lab apparatus never has hardware issues. 4.7 ± 1.6



highest value

Educational Value Survey, sections 002, 004-008

If you had the <u>option to choose</u> between studio-format 1501 (current format) and traditional-format 1501 (3 hour lab separate from lecture and no tutorial problems or activities in class), which one would you choose?



Students choose studio more than 7:1 over traditional in inaugural semester

What does quantum mean?

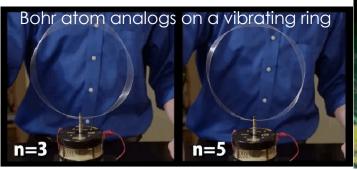
- O Examples of classical physics concepts:
 - O "That pencil is sitting at rest on the table"
 - O Force is mass times acceleration
 - O The total amount of mass is constant
- O Examples of quantum concepts:
 - The state of a system evolves according to the Schrodinger equation
 - Measurement of a quantity puts it in an state of well defined value of the outcome



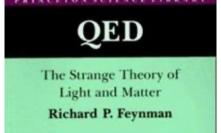
Francisca Vasconcelos, Why Quantum Education? SPIE, 01 May 2023

QEd project: modernizing the physics curriculum

- O Two semester sequence covers purely classical physics
 - O 1x01: Newton's laws, energy, momentum, angular, fluids, statics
 - O 1x02: Electrostatics, magnetostatics, circuits, optics
- Idea: capitalize the organization of studio physics to update quantum-ready curriculum
- Naturally spreads to high schools via ECE program (1201/2)
- O Draws inspiration from Feynman's 1979 Auckland public lectures









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QEd project: modernizing the physics curriculum



Advances in quantum science have the potential to have transformative social and economic impact. New technologies are

technologies to work. The Innovations in Quantum STEM Education program seeks to inspire and seed research into quantumready STEM education and workforce training that will enable our communities to rise to meet the new employment opportunities that quantum technologies will bring. We encourage collaborations between UConn and Yale faculty, as well as other academic, workforce development, and corporate/industry partner organizations, to pursue innovative educational research related to quantum. We particularly encourage collaborations that include faculty from quantum-related fields, STEM Education or curriculum development, and/or digital media and design

- O Developing plan, proposal due 10/30/23
- O Includes funding for graduate Physics TAs to study current curriculum and develop quantum-aligned content for massive course
- Includes small advisory board:
 - O School of Engineering
 - Neag School of Education
 - O CLAS Sciences
 - Industry

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Convergence Awards for Research in

Interdisciplinary Centers (CARIC)